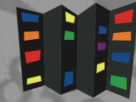




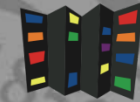
Introduction to Parallel Programming

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- Types of parallel computers.
- Parallel programming options.
- How to write parallel applications.
- How to compile.
- How to debug/profile.
- Summary, future expansion.
- Please give us feedback

<https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/KHVDC5H>

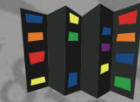


Single processor:

- SISD – single instruction single data.

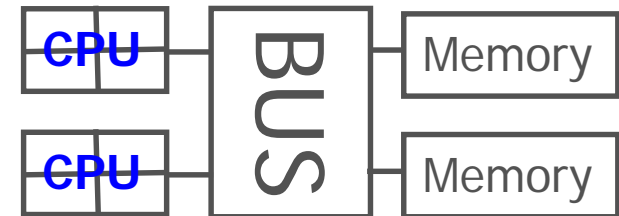
Multiple processors:

- SIMD - single instruction multiple data.
- MIMD – multiple instruction multiple data.
 - Shared Memory
 - Distributed Memory
- Current processors combine SIMD and MIMD
 - Multi-core CPUs w/ SIMD instructions (AVX, SSE)
 - GPUs with many cores and SIMT □

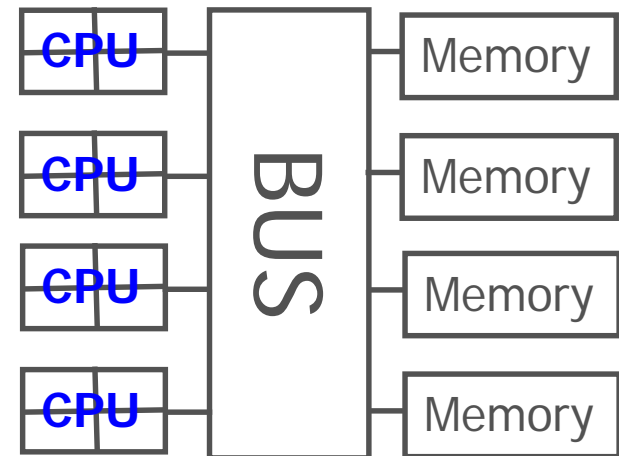


- All processors have access to local memory
- Simpler programming
- Concurrent memory access
- More specialized hardware
- CHPC :
Linux clusters 12, 16, 20, 24, 28 core nodes
GPU nodes

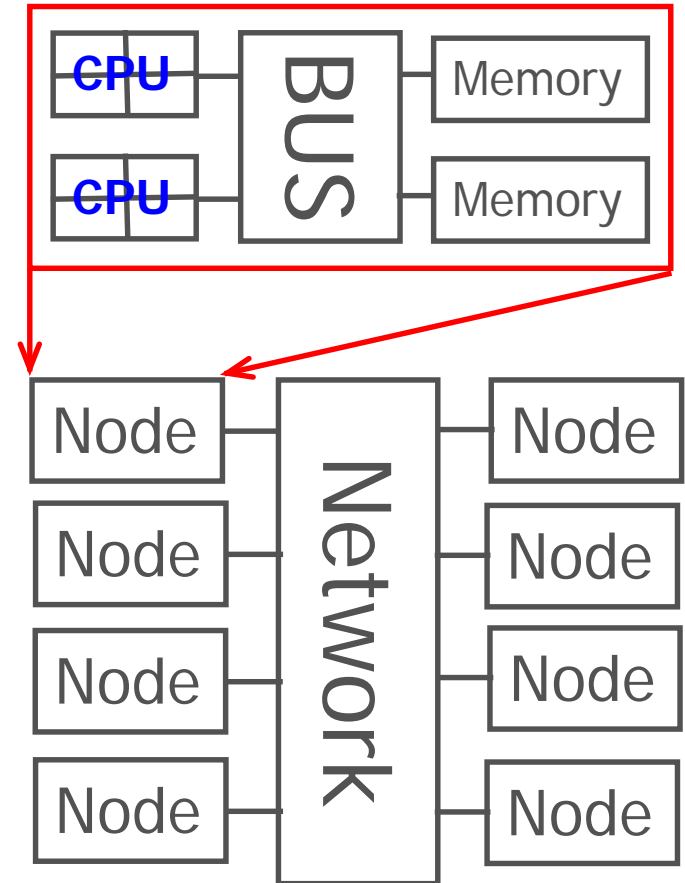
Dual quad-core node



Many-core node (e.g. SGI)



- Process has access only to its local memory
- Data between processes must be communicated
- More complex programming
- Cheap commodity hardware
- CHPC: Linux clusters



8 node cluster (64 cores)



Shared Memory

- Threads – POSIX Pthreads, **OpenMP** (CPU, MIC), OpenACC, CUDA (GPU)
 - Thread – own execution sequence but shares memory space with the original process
- Message passing – processes
 - Process – entity that executes a program – has its own memory space, execution sequence

Distributed Memory

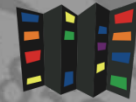
- Message passing libraries
 - Vendor specific – non portable
 - General – **MPI**, PVM, language extensions (Co-array Fortran, UPC. ...)

- Compiler directives to parallelize
 - Fortran – source code comments

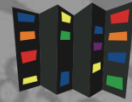
```
!$omp parallel/!$omp end parallel
```
 - C/C++ - #pragmas

```
#pragma omp parallel
```
- Small set of subroutines
- Degree of parallelism specification
 - OMP_NUM_THREADS or

```
omp_set_num_threads( INTEGER n )
```



- Communication library
- Language bindings:
 - C/C++ - `int MPI_Init(int argv, char* argc[])`
 - Fortran - `MPI_Init(INTEGER ierr)`
- Quite complex (100+ subroutines)
but only small number used frequently
- User defined parallel distribution



- Complex to code
- Slow data communication

- Ported to many architectures
- Many tune-up options for parallel execution

- Easy to code
- Fast data exchange

- Memory access (thread safety)
- Limited usability
- Limited user's influence on parallel execution

- saxpy – vector addition: $\bar{z} = a\bar{x} + \bar{y}$
- simple loop, no cross-dependence, easy to parallelize

```
subroutine saxpy_serial(z, a, x, y, n)
integer i, n
real z(n), a, x(n), y(n)

do i=1, n
    z(i) = a*x(i) + y(i)
enddo
return
```

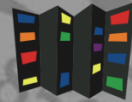
OpenMP program example



```
subroutine saxpy_parallel_omp(z, a, x, y, n)
integer i, n
real z(n), a, x(n), y(n)

!$omp parallel do
do i=1, n
    z(i) = a*x(i) + y(i)
enddo
return
```

```
setenv OMP_NUM_THREADS 16
```



```
subroutine saxpy_parallel_mpi(z, a, x, y, n)
integer i, n, ierr, my_rank, nodes, i_st, i_end
real z(n), a, x(n), y(n)
```

```
call MPI_Init(ierr)
call MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,my_rank,ierr)
call MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,nodes,ierr)
i_st = n/nodes*my_rank+1
i_end = n/nodes*(my_rank+1)
```

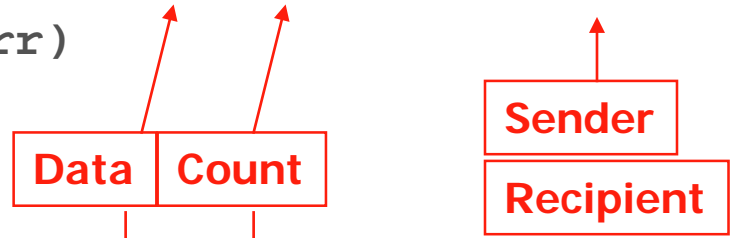
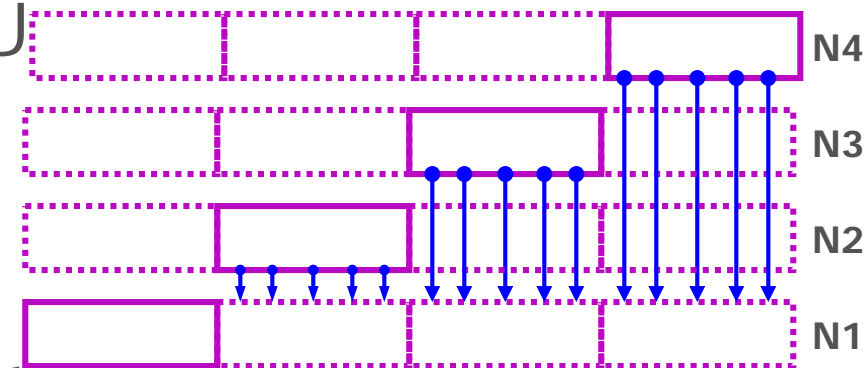
```
do i=i_st, i_end
    z(i) = a*x(i) + y(i)
enddo
call MPI_Finalize(ierr)
return
```

z(i) operation on 4 processes

z(1 ... n/4)	z(n/4+1 ... 2*n/4)	z(2*n/4+1 ... 3*n/4)	z(3*n/4+1 ... n)
-----------------	-----------------------	-------------------------	---------------------

- Result on the first CPU

```
include "mpif.h"
integer status(MPI_STATUS_SIZE)
if (my_rank .eq. 0 ) then
  do j = 1, nodes-1
    do i= n/nodes*j+1, n/nodes*(j+1)
      call MPI_Recv(z(i),1,MPI_REAL,j,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD,
&      status,ierr)
    enddo
  enddo
else
  do i=i_st, i_end
    call MPI_Send(z(i),1,MPI_REAL,0,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD,ierr)
  enddo
endif
```

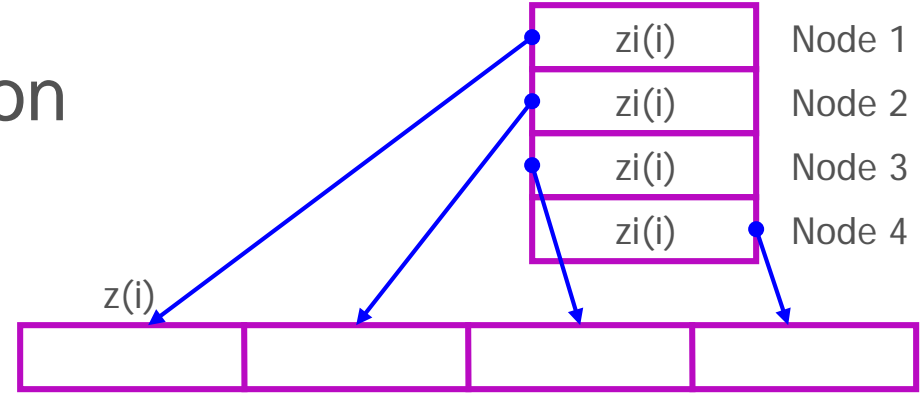


- Collective communication

```

real zi(n)
j = 1
do i=i_st, i_end
  zi(j) = a*x(i) + y(i)
  j = j + 1
enddo

```



Send data

Receive data

```

call MPI_Gather(zi, n/nodes, MPI_REAL, z, n/nodes, MPI_REAL,
&
0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)

```

Root process

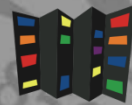
- Result on all nodes

```

call MPI_Allgather(zi, n/nodes, MPI_REAL, z, n/nodes,
&
MPI_REAL, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)

```

No root process



- First log into one of the clusters

```
ssh lonepeak.chpc.utah.edu – Ethernet
```

```
ssh ember.chpc.utah.edu – Ethernet, InfiniBand
```

```
ssh kingspeak.chpc.utah.edu – Ethernet, InfiniBand
```

- Then submit a job to get compute nodes

```
srun -N 2 -n 24 -p ember -A chpc -t 1:00:00
```

```
--pty=/bin/tcsh -l
```

```
sbatch script.slr
```

- Useful scheduler commands

```
sbatch – submit a job
```

```
scancel – delete a job
```

```
squeue – show job queue
```

- No clear text passwords use ssh and scp
- You may not share your account under any circumstances
- Don't leave your terminal unattended while logged into your account
- Do not introduce classified or sensitive work onto CHPC systems
- Use a good password and protect it



- Do not try to break passwords, tamper with files etc.
- Do not distribute or copy privileged data or software
- Report suspicions to CHPC (security@chpc.utah.edu)
- Please see <http://www.chpc.utah.edu/docs/policies/security.html> for more details

- Different switches for different compilers, `-openmp`, `-fopenmp` or `-mp`

```
module load intel
```

```
module load pgi
```

```
module load gcc
```

```
e.g. pgf77 -mp source.f -o program.exe
```

- Nodes with up to 28 cores each
- Further references:

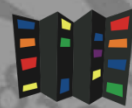
```
Compilers man page – man ifort
```

Compilers websites

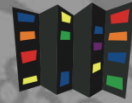
<http://www.intel.com/software/products/compilers>

<http://gcc.gnu.org>

<http://www.pgroup.com/doc/>

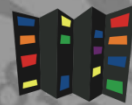


- Two common network interfaces
 - Ethernet, InfiniBand
- Different MPI implementations
 - MPICH - Ethernet, InfiniBand
 - OpenMPI – Ethernet, InfiniBand
 - MVAPICH2 - InfiniBand
 - Intel MPI – commercial, Ethernet, InfiniBand



- **Clusters** – MPICH, OpenMPI, MVAPICH2, Intel MPI
`/MPI-path/bin/mpixx source.x -o program.exe`
`xx = cc, cxx, f77, f90; icc, ifort for Intel MPI`
- `MPI-path = location of the distribution – set by module load`
`module load mpich2 MPICH Ethernet, InfiniBand`
`module load openmpi OpenMPI Ethernet, InfiniBand`
`module load mvapich2 MVAPICH2 InfiniBand`
`module load impi Intel MPI Ethernet, InfiniBand`

= after this simply use `mpixx`
- Ensure that when running (using `mpirun`), the same module is loaded.



- **MPICH Interactive batch**

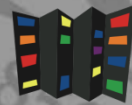
```
srun -N 2 -n 24 -p ember -A chpc -t 1:00:00  
--pty=/bin/tcsh -l  
... wait for prompt ...  
module load intel mpich2  
mpirun -np $SLURM_NTASKS program.exe
```

- **MPICH Batch**

```
sbatch -N 2 -n 24 -p ember -A chpc -t 1:00:00  
script.slr
```

- **OpenMP Batch**

```
srun -N 1 -n 1 -p ember -A chpc -t 1:00:00  
--pty=/bin/tcsh -l  
setenv OMP_NUM_THREADS 12  
program.exe
```



- Use MPICH or OpenMPI, MPICH is my preferred

```
module load mpich2
```

```
mpixx source.x -o program.exe
```

```
xx = cc, cxx, f77, f90; icc, ifort for Intel MPI
```

- MPICH2 running

```
mpirun -np 4 ./program.exe
```

- OpenMP running

```
setenv OMP_NUM_THREADS 4
```

```
./program.exe
```

- See more details/combinations at

```
https://www.chpc.utah.edu/documentation/software/mpilibraries.php
```

- MPICH, MVAPICH2 and Intel MPI are cross-compatible using the same ABI
 - Can e.g. compile with MPICH on a desktop, and then run on the cluster using MVAPICH2 and InfiniBand
- Intel and PGI compilers allow to build "unified binary" with optimizations for different CPU platforms
 - But in reality it only works well under Intel compilers

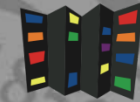
- On a desktop

```
module load intel mpich2
mpicc -axCORE-AVX2 program.c -o program.exe
mpirun -np 4 ./program.exe
```

- On a cluster

```
srun -N 2 -n 24 ...
module load intel mvapich2
mpirun -np $SLURM_NTASKS ./program.exe
```

- <https://www.chpc.utah.edu/documentation/software/single-executable.php>



- Useful for finding bugs in programs
- Several free
 - `gdb` – GNU, text based, limited parallel
 - `ddd` – graphical frontend for `gdb`
- Commercial that come with compilers
 - `pgdbg` – PGI, graphical, parallel but not intuitive
 - `pathdb`, `idb` – Pathscale, Intel, text based
- Specialized commercial
 - `totalview` – graphical, parallel, CHPC has a license
 - `ddt` - Distributed Debugging Tool
 - **Intel Inspector XE** – memory and threading error checker
- How to use:
 - http://www.chpc.utah.edu/docs/manuals/software/par_devel.html



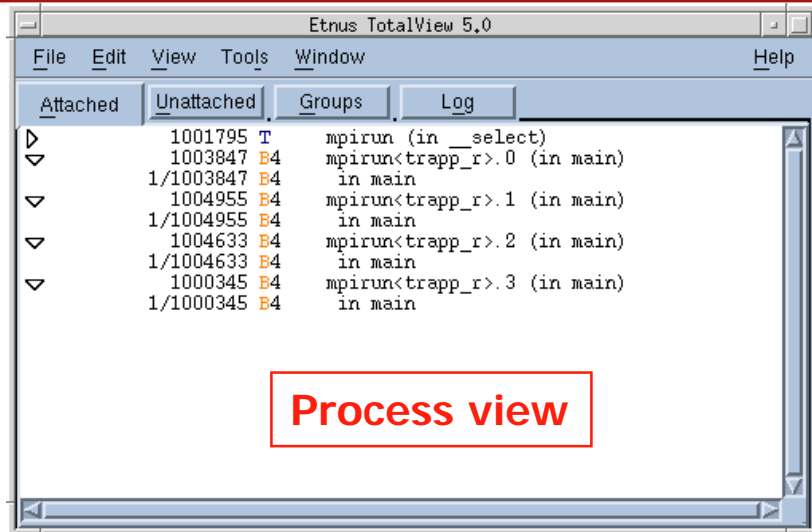
- Parallel debugging more complex due to interaction between processes
- Totalview is the debugger of choice at CHPC
 - Expensive but academia get discount
 - How to run it:
 - compile with `-g` flag
 - automatic attachment to OpenMP threads
 - wizard to set up MPI debugging session

- **Details:**

`http://www.chpc.utah.edu/docs/manuals/software/totalview.html`

- **Further information**

`http://www.roguewave.com/products-services/totalview`



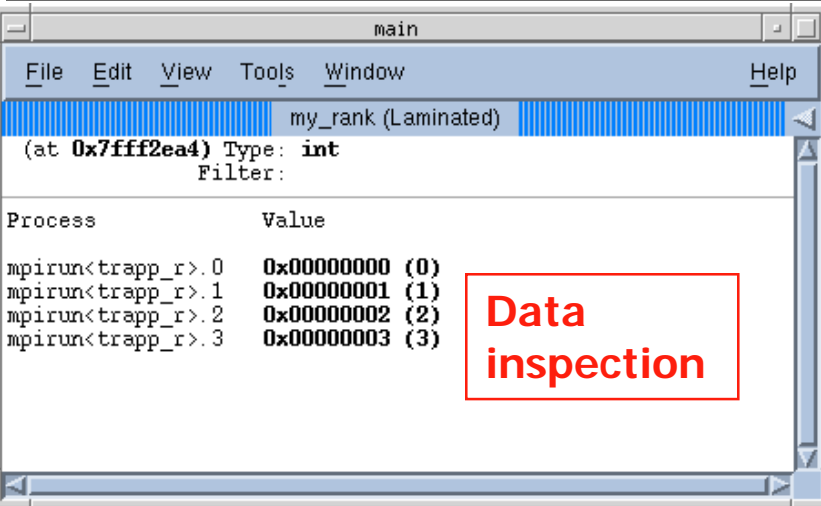
Etnus TotalView 5.0

File Edit View Tools Window Help

Attached Unattached Groups Log

1001795	T	mpirun (in __select)
1003847	B4	mpirun<trapp_r>.0 (in main)
1/1003847	B4	in main
1004955	B4	mpirun<trapp_r>.1 (in main)
1/1004955	B4	in main
1004633	B4	mpirun<trapp_r>.2 (in main)
1/1004633	B4	in main
1000345	B4	mpirun<trapp_r>.3 (in main)
1/1000345	B4	in main

Process view



main

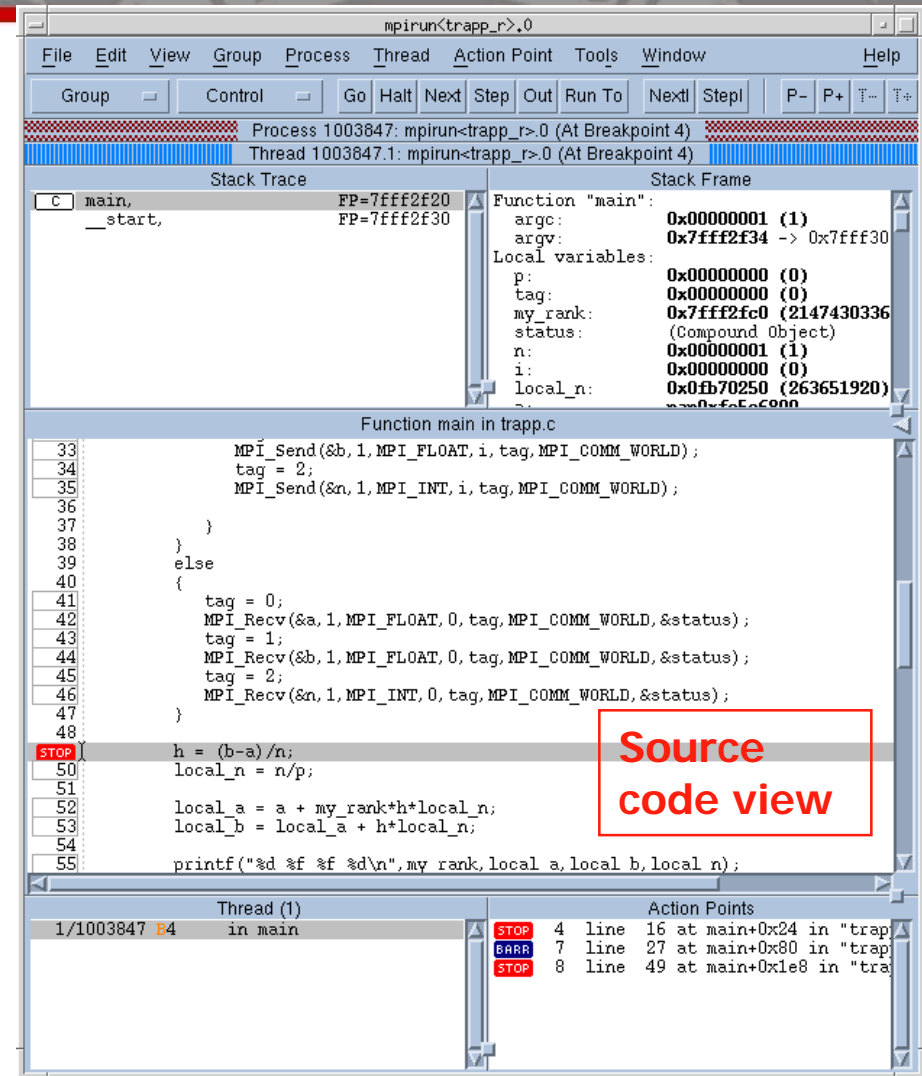
File Edit View Tools Window Help

my_rank (Laminated)

(at 0x7fff2ea4) Type: int
Filter:

Process	Value
mpirun<trapp_r>.0	0x00000000 (0)
mpirun<trapp_r>.1	0x00000001 (1)
mpirun<trapp_r>.2	0x00000002 (2)
mpirun<trapp_r>.3	0x00000003 (3)

Data inspection



mpirun<trapp_r>.0

File Edit View Group Process Thread Action Point Tools Window Help

Group Control Go Halt Next Step Out Run To Next Step P- P+ T- T+

Process 1003847: mpirun<trapp_r>.0 (At Breakpoint 4)

Thread 1003847.1: mpirun<trapp_r>.0 (At Breakpoint 4)

Stack Trace

C	main,	FP=7fff2f20	Function "main":
	__start,	FP=7fff2f30	argc: 0x00000001 (1)
			argv: 0x7fff2f34 -> 0x7fff30
			Local variables:
			p: 0x00000000 (0)
			tag: 0x00000000 (0)
			my_rank: 0x7fff2fc0 (2147430336)
			status: (Compound Object)
			n: 0x00000001 (1)
			i: 0x00000000 (0)
			local_n: 0x0fb70250 (263651920)
			...

Function main in trapp.c

```

33 MPI_Send(&b, 1, MPI_FLOAT, i, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
34 tag = 2;
35 MPI_Send(&n, 1, MPI_INT, i, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
36
37 }
38 }
39 else
40 {
41 tag = 0;
42 MPI_Recv(&a, 1, MPI_FLOAT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
43 tag = 1;
44 MPI_Recv(&b, 1, MPI_FLOAT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
45 tag = 2;
46 MPI_Recv(&n, 1, MPI_INT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
47 }
48
49 STOP h = (b-a)/n;
50 local_n = n/p;
51
52 local_a = a + my_rank*h*local_n;
53 local_b = local_a + h*local_n;
54
55 printf("#d %f %f %d\n", my_rank, local_a, local_b, local_n);

```

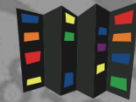
Source code view

Thread (1)

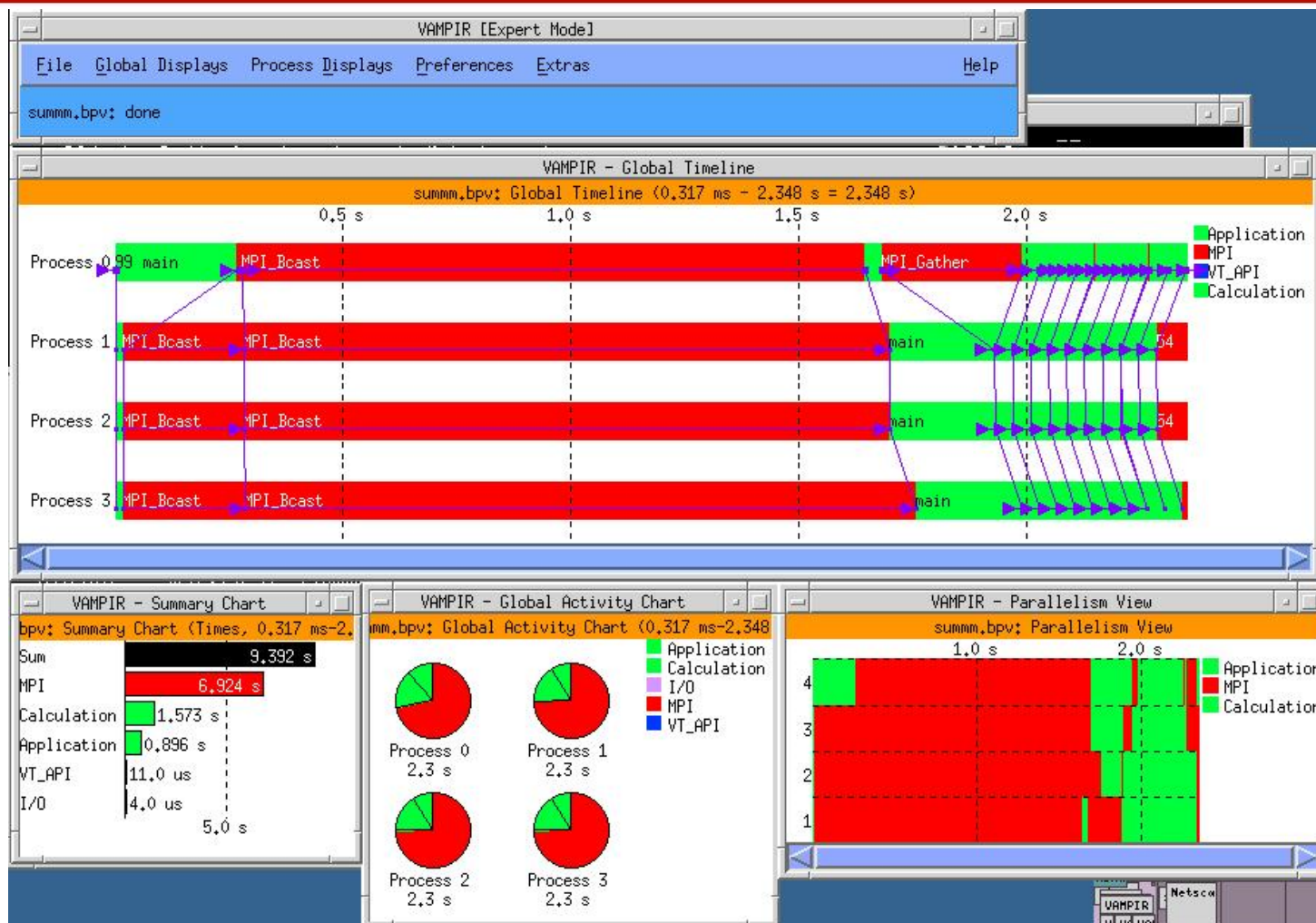
1/1003847	B4	in main
-----------	----	---------

Action Points

STOP	4	line 16	at main+0x24	in "trapp.c"
BARR	7	line 27	at main+0x80	in "trapp.c"
STOP	8	line 49	at main+0x1e8	in "trapp.c"



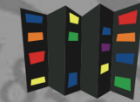
- Measure performance of the code
- Serial profiling
 - discover inefficient programming
 - computer architecture slowdowns
 - compiler optimizations evaluation
 - gprof, pgprof, pathopt2, Intel tools
- Parallel profiling
 - target is inefficient communication
 - Intel Trace Collector and Analyzer, AdvisorXE, VTune





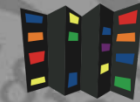
- Serial
 - BLAS, LAPACK – linear algebra routines
 - MKL, ACML – hardware vendor libraries
- Parallel
 - ScaLAPACK, PETSc, NAG, FFTW
 - MKL – dense and sparse matrices

`http://www.chpc.utah.edu/docs/manuals/software/mat_1.html`



- Shared vs. Distributed memory
- OpenMP
 - Limited to 1 cluster node
 - Simple parallelization
- MPI
 - Clusters
 - Must use communication

http://www.chpc.utah.edu/docs/presentations/intro_par



- OpenMP

<http://www.openmp.org/>

Chandra, et. al. - Parallel Programming in OpenMP

Chapman, Jost, van der Pas – Using OpenMP

- MPI

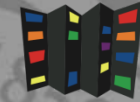
<http://www-unix.mcs.anl.gov/mpi/>

Pacheco - Parallel Programming with MPI

Gropp, Lusk, Skjellum - Using MPI 1, 2

- MPI and OpenMP

Pacheco – An Introduction to Parallel Programming



- Introduction to MPI
- Introduction to OpenMP
- Debugging with Totalview
- Profiling with TAU/Vampir
- Intermediate MPI and MPI-IO
- Mathematical Libraries at the CHPC

Feedback

<https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/KHVDC5H>